

## Equity capital certificates

## Stock price compared with OSEBX and OSEEX

1 January 2012 to 31 December 2013

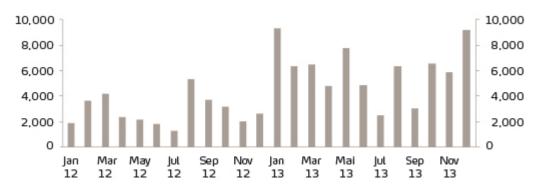


OSEBX = Oslo Stock Exchange Benchmark Index (rebased)

OSEEX = Oslo Stock Exchange ECC Index (rebased)

## **Trading statistics**

1 January 2012 to 31 December 2013





20 largest ECC holders	Number	Share
Odin Norge	4,168,311	3.21 %
Sparebankstiftelsen SpareBank 1 SMN	3,965,391	3.05 %
Pareto Aksje Norge	3,382,000	2.60 %
Verdipapirfondet DNB Norge (IV)	2,936,033	2.26 %
Frank Mohn AS	2,876,968	2.22 %
Odin Norden	2,854,979	2.20 %
Vind LV AS	2,736,435	2.11 %
MP Pensjon PK	2,058,415	1.59 %
Danske Invest Norske Aksjer Inst. II	1,857,667	1.43 %
Stenshagen Invest	1,693,384	1.30 %
State Street Bank and Trust CO (nominee)	1,666,916	1.28 %
Verdipapirfondet Fondsfinans Spar	1,645,090	1.27 %
Pareto Aktiv	1,424,600	1.10 %
Forsvarets Personellservice	1,406,446	1.08 %
Odin Europa SMB	1,326,937	1.02 %
The Bank of New York Mellon (nominee)	1,326,445	1.02 %
VPF Nordea Norge Verdi	1,265,234	0.97 %
DNB Livsforsikring ASA	1,260,767	0.97 %
Citibank N.A New York Branch (nominee)	1,212,494	0.93 %
Danske Invest Norske Aksjer Instit. I	1,148,845	0.88 %
The 20 largest ECC holders in total	42,213,357	32.51 %
Others	87,623,086	67.49 %
Total issued ECCs	129,836,443	100.00 %

## **Dividend policy**

SpareBank 1 SMN aims to manage the Group's resources in such a way as to provide equity certificate holders with a good, stable and competitive return in the form of dividend and a rising value of the bank's equity certificate.

The net profit for the year will be distributed between the owner capital (the equity certificate holders) and the ownerless capital in accordance with their respective shares of the bank's total equity capital.

SpareBank 1 SMN's intention is that up to one half of the owner capital's share of the net profit for the year should be disbursed in dividends and, similarly, that up to one half of the owner capital's share of the net profit for the year should be disbursed as gifts or transferred to a foundation. This is on the assumption that capital adequacy is at a satisfactory level. When determining dividend payout, account will be taken of the profit trend expected in a normalised market situation, external framework conditions and the need for tier 1 capital.